Case No. IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES RECEIVED October 1995 FEB 9 1996 In re. Subroto Roy OFFICE OF THE CLERK SUPREME COURT, U.S.

PETITION TO

THE HON. CIRCUIT JUSTICE O'CONNOR AND THE HONORABLE COURT FOR EXTRAORDINARY REMEDY OF WRIT OF MANDAMUS UNDER RULE 20 To require a Ninth Circuit Motions Panel allow a fairly presented appeal as of right proceed to adversary hearing before a Merits Panel or to En Banc Suggestion, in a matter of relief from judgment in a Title VII/Due Process case, for reason of fraud under Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 60(b) (corruption of court officers and perjury)

Reason Making Necessary the Extraordinary Remedy of Mandamus

11 K.

It is always extrinsic fraud calling for a new and fair trial when opposing counsel is found to have induced counsel to connive in a party's defeat <u>Throckmorton</u> 98 U. S. 65-66 (1878), citing <u>Tovey v. Young</u> Pr. Ch. 193 "laid down as long ago as the year 1702"; <u>Fiske v. Buder</u> 125 F.2d 841 (8th Cir. 1942) cited by Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 60(b) Advisory Committee. Inherent power of a federal court to investigate whether a judgment was obtained by fraud is beyond question, <u>Hazel-Atlas</u> 322 U. S. 238 (1943); power to unearth fraud is power to unearth it effectively; a federal court may vacate its own judgment or that below for reason of fraud Root Refining 169 F.2d 534 (1948), 328 U. S. 580 (1946).

Mandamus is properly granted in aid of the Court's original jurisdiction to compel a lower court "exercise its authority when it is its duty to do so" <u>Mallard</u> 389 U. S. 95 (1989) citing precedent, Moore's <u>Federal Practice</u> ¶ 110.27. Appeal was taken from a final order denying relief under Federal Rule 60(b) for reason of undenied extrinsic fraud. Even as Petitioner obeyed the ordered time-schedule by filing the Opening Brief, a Staff Attorney's sua sponte motion for summary affirmance was granted by a Motions Panel under local rule, denying further submissions and closing the docket. Mindful of the high burden to be discharged, Subroto Roy respectfully petitions for Writ of Mandamus to require the Motions Panel and Motions Attorney allow a fairly presented appeal proceed to maturity according to the ordered time-schedule, for adversary hearing before a Ninth Circuit Merits Panel or to lawful En Banc Suggestion.

Petitioner, Respondents, Defendant-Appellees

Petitioner: Subroto Roy, representing himself, informa pauperis

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<u>Respondents</u>: Ninth Circuit Motions Attorney Susan Gelmis Esq.; Ninth Circuit Motions Panel Judges the Hon. Harry PREGERSON, J., the Hon. William A. NORRIS, J., the Hon. Stephen REINHARDT, J., United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, 121 Spear Street, P. O. Box 193939, San Francisco, CA. 94119-3939.

Defendant-Appellees: University of Hawaii, Chung H. Lee, Richard Dubanoski, Paul Yuen, Albert J. Simone, jointly represented by Margery S. Bronster Esq., 425 Queen Street, Honolulu, HI 96813.

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of Record [A 1: 201] filed in Roy v. University of Hawaii
94-6512, 115 S.Ct. 1994, 1995, served on all Respondents
and Defendant-Appellees.
Affidavit of Informa Pauperis Status of Petitioner

Certificate of Service (in original)

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Authorities of Law Relied Upon by the Petitioner

Reference in Petition

OPINIONS OF THIS HONORABLE COURT

U. S. v. James Good Real Property 114 S. Ct. 492 1993

Price Waterhouse v. Hopkins 490 U. S. 228 1989

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<u>St. Mary's Honor Center v. Hicks</u> 113 S. Ct. 2742 1993 <u>Texas Dept. Community Affairs v. Burdine</u> 450 U. S. 248 McDonnell Douglas v. Green 411 U. S. 792

PRECEDENTS OF THIS HONORABLE COURT

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On Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 60(b); Advisory Committee Citations

 Bucy v. Nevada Construction
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 125 F.2d 841 8th Cir. 1942......i, 11, 14

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 Klapprott v. U. S. 335 U. S. 613 1949......4, 13, 30

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 106 F.2d 949 3rd Cir. 1939.....8,38

 Root Refining v. Universal Oil
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 169 F.2d 518 1948.....i, 7

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 U. S. v. Throckmorton et al
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On Right of a Party to Make En Banc Suggestion

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			34	15 ι	J. S.	247	1953.	••••	33

On Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 56; Summary Judgment

On the 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution

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Scott v. McNeal 154	U. S. 34	1893	5
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PRECEDENTS OF THE HONORABLE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

Atchison, Topeka v. Barrett 246 F.2d 846, 9th Cir. 1957.....16 Ervin v. Wilkinson 701 F.2d 59 7th Cir. 1983......4 Harre v. A. H. Robins 750 F.2d 1501, 1985 866 F.2d 1303 1989.....14-16, 32, 38 <u>In re. Cremidas' Estate</u> D. C. Alaska 14 F. R. D. 15 1953....28 Keys v. Dunbar 405 F.2d 955, 9th Cir. 1969......16 Long v. Bureau 646 F.2d 1310, 9th Cir. 1981......10 McKinney v. Boyle 404 F.2d 631 9th Cir. 1968......4, 14, 29 Patapoff v. Vollstedt's 267 F.2d 863, 9th Cir. 1959......28 Rozier v. Ford Motor Co 573 F.2d 1339 5th Cir. 1978......16 Stridiron v. Stridiron 698 F.2d 204 3rd Cir. 1983.....16

LEARNED ARTICLES, TREATISES AND OTHER AUTHORITIES

Moore & Rogers, "Federal Relief from Civil Judgments",
<u>Yale Law Journal</u> 194613, 17
Lanctot, "Defendant Lies, Plaintiff Loses"
Hastings Law Journal 1991
Moore's Federal Practice 19957, 8, 10, 29, 33-35
Wright, Miller, Kane Federal Practice & Procedure 199528
Freeman Judgments
September 1995 Proposed Changes to Fed. R. App. Proc. 3533

Jurisdictional Statement

Mandamus under Rule 20 is authorized by the All Writs Statute 28 United States Code § 1651 deriving from the Judiciary Act of 1789, in aid of the Court's original jurisdiction and general supervision of federal courts <u>Federal Practice</u> ¶ 110.26 et. seq.

Original jurisdiction of chancery to vacate judgment for reason of fraud is defined under <u>Hazel-Atlas</u> 322 U. S. 238 (1943), and <u>Root Refining</u> 328 U. S. 580 (1946), Moore and Rogers, "Federal Relief from Civil Judgments", <u>Yale Law Journal</u> 1946.

Constitutional Provisions and Statutes

14th Amendment to the United States Constitution 11th Amendment to the United States Constitution 42 United States Code § 2000, § 1981, § 1983, § 1985, § 1986 18 United States Code § 201 28 United States Code § 455 18 United States Code § 1621:1623 28 United States Code § 1651

Reference to Opinions Below

Mandamus is being sought to compel adversarial contest on the merits, by a briefing schedule already ordered by the Court of Appeals, of a fairly presented timely appeal taken from a July 28 1995 District Court order denying relief under Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 60(b) for reason of undenied extrinsic fraud on the court.

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